

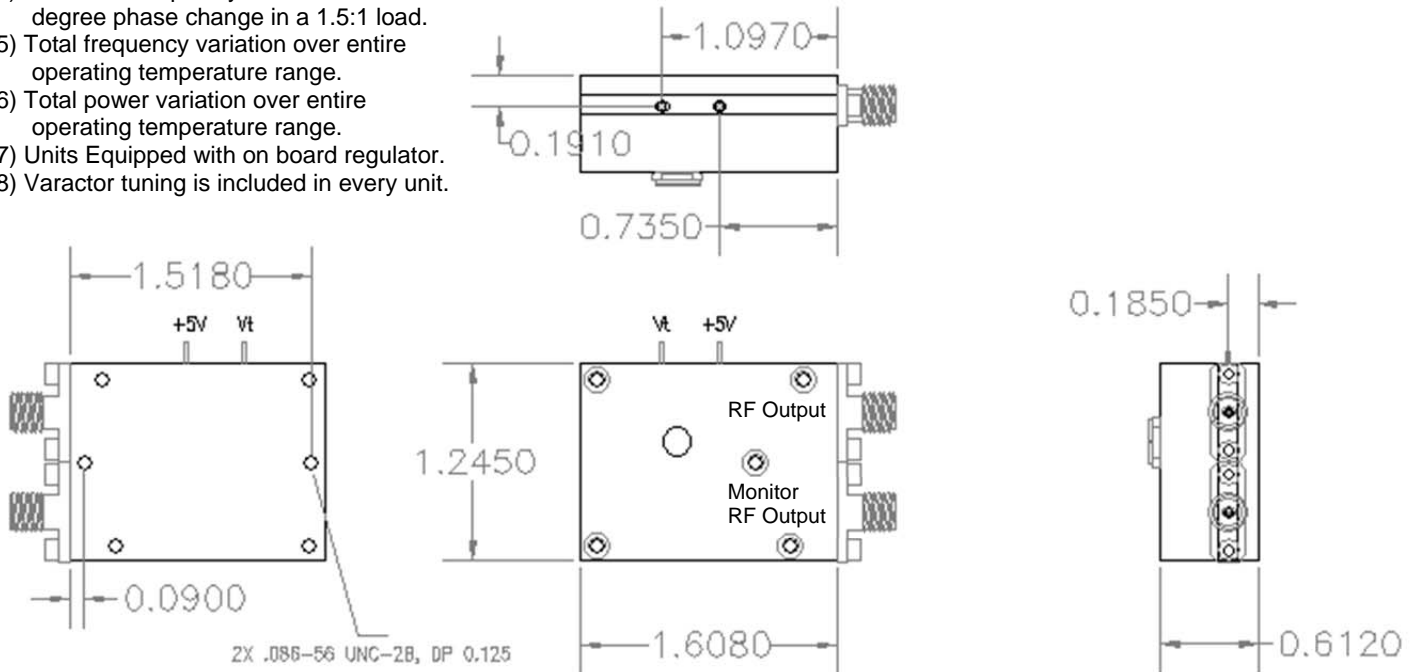
Dielectric Resonant Oscillators 30.552GHz Dual Output (13dBm RF Output and 0dBm Monitor output)

Notes:

- 1) DC pins and ground lug are solderable
- 2) RF Output is field replaceable 2.9 (f)
- 3) Dimensions are subject to change in the interest of improved product performance
- 4) Maximum frequency variation for 360 degree phase change in a 1.5:1 load.
- 5) Total frequency variation over entire operating temperature range.
- 6) Total power variation over entire operating temperature range.
- 7) Units Equipped with on board regulator.
- 8) Varactor tuning is included in every unit.

Low Current for use in Meteorological Satellite

No output buffering: take care with designing it in to avoid frequency pulling



Order Examples: RDRO-dual-30.552-13d-0d-5v-d1

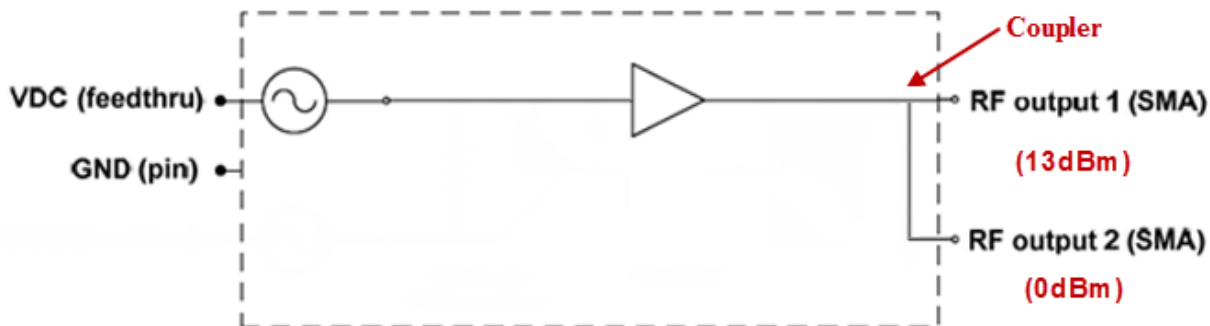
Description:

(Dielectric Resonant Oscillator, Dual, 30.552GHz, 13 dBm RF output1, 0dBm RF output 2, 5 Volts DC Power)

Frequency (GHz)	29.251-30.730	Units
RF Power	13-16	dBm
Tolerance	<±50	ppm
Sub-Harmonics	-45	dBc
Spurious	-95	dBc
Frequency Pushing	1.50	MHz/V
Load Pulling (1)	3.0	MHz
Output VSWR	2.0	:1

Phase Noise		(1Hz BW)
@10kHz	-80	dBc/Hz
@100kHz	-103	dBc/Hz
@1MHz	-132	dBc/Hz
Supply Voltage	5	V
Supply Current	130	mA
Operating Temperature	-40 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +85	°C
Frequency (2)	6.0	MHz
Power (3)	2	dB
Aging	1	ppm/yr
Mechanical Tuning >+/-	24.0	MHz
Electrical Tuning (opt) (5)	10-20	MHz
Tune Voltage Range (5)	0.6-11.4	V
Tune Voltage Center (5)	6	V

Dielectric Resonant Oscillators 30.552GHz Dual Output (13dBm RF Output and 0dBm Monitor output)



Description:

1. The required component is a single DRO module.
2. **At the output, a Coupler will split the signal in order to provide two RF outputs using 2.9(female) connectors. 13dBm on Port 1 main RF Output and 0dBm on Port 2 Monitor RF Output.**
3. The overall current may be around 110mA to 130mA.

Customer note

Add an additional output (and 2.92 mm connector), so that the unit has two outputs, one with Pout = +13 dBm and one with Pout = 0 dBm. I am thinking the simplest way to accomplish this is with a 13 dB coupler inside the DRO housing. The units you delivered last year had +14 dBm output power, so assuming 1 dB of coupler loss, hopefully we can still get +13 and 0 dBm using the same components and DC power.

Caution

Please use caution when biasing the Vt line. Do not connect a lab power supply to test, and switch it on and off whilst connected! The spike can kill the internal device. Only add a steady voltage. Suggest also to add a 12V Zener diode from Vt pin to ground to further protect the unit from any voltage spikes, by clamping to 12V max.